

About the International Comparison Program

The International Comparison Program (ICP) is the largest worldwide data collection initiative, implemented under the guidance of the United Nations Statistical Commission (UNSC) with the objective of producing comparable price and volume measures of national accounts aggregates across the economies of the world. Along with purchasing power parities (PPPs), the ICP produces price level indexes (PLIs) and other comparable aggregates of gross domestic product (GDP) expenditure and its components.

More specifically, the PPPs are used to compute real measures of GDP, its main aggregates, and selected expenditure aggregates at level below the main aggregates. The main aggregates include individual consumption expenditure by households (ICEH) and nonprofit institutions serving households (NPISH), individual consumption expenditure by government (ICEG), collective consumption expenditure by government (CCEG), government final consumption expenditure (GFCE), gross capital formation (GCF), gross fixed capital formation (GFCF), changes in inventories, acquisitions less disposals of valuables, and balance of exports and imports. These measures allow more meaningful inter-economy comparisons, as they correct for distortions due to differences in the price levels between economies.

The International Comparison Program in Asia and the Pacific

The Asian Development Bank (ADB), through its Economic Research and Development Impact Department, has been the regional implementing agency (RIA) of the ICP for Asia and the Pacific since the 2005 ICP round. ADB in its capacity as the RIA was responsible for coordinating with the 21 economies that participated in the 2021 ICP. These 21 economies are: Bangladesh; Bhutan; Brunei Darussalam; Cambodia; Fiji; Hong Kong, China; India; Indonesia; the Lao People's Democratic Republic; Malaysia; Maldives; Mongolia; Nepal; Pakistan; the People's Republic of China; the Philippines; Singapore; Sri Lanka; Taipei, China; Thailand; and Viet Nam. Myanmar was among the 22 participating economies in the 2017 ICP.

Concepts and Measures	
Purchasing Power Parity	The amount of currency units required to purchase a common basket of goods and services in an economy that can be purchased with one unit of the reference currency in the reference economy.
Price Level Index	The ratio of PPP to exchange rate with respect to a common reference currency. PLI expresses the general price level in an economy as percentage of reference economy's price level and shows how the price levels of economies compare with each other. The PLI of the reference economy is 100. A PLI greater than 100 means that when the national average prices are converted at exchange rates, the resulting prices tend to be higher on average than prices in the reference economy.
Real Expenditure	Expenditure in the currency units of an economy converted to a common currency by dividing the expenditure by its corresponding PPP, and hence, valued at a uniform price level across economies.
Nominal Expenditure	Expenditure in the currency units of an economy converted to a common currency using the exchange rate of a reference economy without adjusting for the differences in prices of goods and services across economies.
Per Capita Expenditure	Total expenditure divided by the total population of a given economy. Per capita expenditure measures the standard of living in an economy. This can be expressed either in real or nominal terms.
Per Capita Relative Expenditure	Per capita expenditure that has been converted to the relative units of the reference economy by (i) dividing the per capita expenditure of a given economy by the per capita expenditure of the reference economy and (ii) multiplying by 100.
Transitivity	An important property of PPP whereby the direct PPP between any two economies yields the same result as an indirect comparison via any other economy.
Base Economy Invariance	The property under which the relativities between the PPPs, PLIs, and volume indexes of economies are not affected by the choice of reference economy or currency.
Economy Share to Asia and the Pacific	An economy's real or nominal expenditures for an aggregate, expressed as a percentage of the total real or nominal expenditure of all participating economies in Asia and the Pacific.
Shares of Nominal Expenditure	An aggregate's nominal expenditure as a percentage of the total nominal expenditure within the economy.

Data and Sources

This file has two tables: one for the 2021 ICP results and second for 2017 ICP (revised) results. The tables contain indicator for the 2021 and revised 2017 results of 21 and 22 participating economies of Asia and the Pacific, respectively. These include PPPs, PLIs, and GDP and its components such as ICEH and NPISH, ICEG, CCEG, GFCE, GFCF, GFCF, changes in inventories, acquisitions less disposals of valuables, balance of exports and imports, and lower levels of national accounts aggregates. In addition to these, other real expenditure measures such as actual individual consumption by households (AICH), which is the aggregate of ICEH, NPISH, and ICEG is also presented. The five components of AICH which include ICEH, NPISH, and ICEG are (i) housing, water, electricity, gas and other fuels; (ii) health; (iii) recreation and culture; (iv) education; and (v) miscellaneous goods and services. In contrast, expenditures for the other AICH components of food and nonfood household consumption are incurred by households only. Results are also presented for another broad aggregate called "domestic absorption," which represents the domestic expenditures as aggregate of AICH, CCEG, GFCF, changes in inventories, and acquisitions less disposals of valuables; and "total consumption," which represents the consumption of households, NPISH, and the government.

The ICP results are compiled with Hong Kong, China as the reference economy and the Hong Kong dollar as the reference currency. The PPPs for the expenditures aggregates at all levels were derived using the Gini-Éltető-Köves-Szulc (GEKS) method. The real expenditure for each aggregate is derived by dividing the expenditures in local currency units by a PPP that is specific to that aggregate, so real expenditure for such an aggregate may not equal the total of its components' real expenditures within an economy. For expenditures in local currency units, participating economies allocated statistical discrepancy (if any) to one or more basic headings based on their best judgment and financial year-based estimates for some economies were converted to calendar year. Due to these adjustments, the expenditures in local currency units in the table for some expenditure aggregates may differ from the published expenditure estimates by the economies. Some PPPs presented are reference PPPs. Detailed list of reference PPPs will be available in the forthcoming reports of 2021 ICP for Asia and the Pacific. When an economy is not able to provide prices for any of the items for any category corresponding to the available GDP expenditures, the PPP for this category is estimated using gap-filling techniques based on country-product-dummy (CPD) by the RIA.

The 2017 revised results are based on (i) revisions in the 2017 estimates of GDP, population, and exchange rates; (ii) implementation of a new, hybrid approach of estimating actual and imputed rentals for housing; (iii) revisions in the economy base information for government compensation; (iv) updates in the underlying data to estimate productivity adjustment factors; and (v) changes in some reference PPPs, including the adoption of the two-stage referencing.

The results presented in these tables are produced by ADB as the ICP Asia and the Pacific regional implementing agency, based on data supplied by all the participating economies, in accordance with the methodology recommended by the ICP Technical Advisory Group and endorsed by the 2021 ICP Asia and the Pacific Regional Advisory Board. As such, these results are not produced by participating economies as part of the economies' official statistics.

Expenditure Categories	
Gross domestic product	AICH at purchasers' prices plus CCEG at purchasers' prices plus GCF at purchasers' prices plus the FOB value of exports of goods and services less the FOB value of imports of goods and services.
Actual individual consumption by households	The total value of the ICEH, NPISH, and ICEG at purchasers' prices.
Food and nonalcoholic beverages	Household expenditure on food products and nonalcoholic beverages purchased for consumption at home. It excludes expenditures on food products and nonalcoholic beverages sold for immediate consumption away from home by hotels, restaurants, cafés, bars, kiosks, street vendors, automatic vending machines, and other vendors; cooked dishes prepared by restaurants for consumption off their premises; cooked dishes prepared by catering contractors, whether collected by the customer or delivered to the customer's home; and products sold specifically as pet foods.
Food	Household expenditure on food products purchased for consumption at home. It excludes food products sold for immediate consumption away from the home by hotels, restaurants, cafés, bars, kiosks, street vendors, automatic vending machines, etc.; cooked dishes prepared by restaurants for consumption off their premises; cooked dishes prepared by catering contractors, whether collected by the customer or delivered to the customer's home; and products sold specifically as pet food.
Bread and cereals	Household expenditure on rice; other cereals, flour, and other cereal products; bread; other bakery products; and pasta products and couscous, purchased for consumption at home.
Meat	Household expenditure on fresh, chilled, frozen, preserved or processed animals and poultry meat purchased for consumption as food at home. It also includes animals and poultry purchased live for consumption as food.
Fish and seafood	Household expenditure on fresh, chilled, frozen, preserved or processed fish and seafood purchased for consumption as food at home. It also includes fish and seafood (such as crustaceans, molluscs and other shellfish, sea snails, land crabs, land snails and frogs) purchased live for consumption as food.
Milk, cheese and eggs	Household expenditure on fresh or preserved milk, other milk products such as soya milk, cheese and curd; and egg including egg-based products purchased for consumption as food at home.
Oils and fats	Household expenditure on butter, margarine and other vegetable fats such as peanut butter; and other edible oils and fats purchased for consumption as food at home.
Fruit	Household expenditure on fresh, chilled, frozen, preserved or processed fruit and fruit-based products purchased for consumption as food at home.
Vegetables	Household expenditure on fresh, chilled, frozen, preserved or processed vegetable and vegetable-based products purchased for consumption as food at home.
Sugar, jam, honey, chocolate and confectionery	Household expenditure on sugar and artificial sugar substitutes; jams, marmalades and honey; and chocolate, confectionery and ice cream purchased for consumption at home.
Food products n.e.c.	Household expenditure on sauces and condiments; salt, spices and culinary herbs; baby food; ready-made meals when the price only covers the cost of the product; and other food products not elsewhere classified purchased for consumption at home.
Nonalcoholic beverages	Household expenditure on nonalcoholic beverages purchased for consumption at home. It excludes nonalcoholic beverages sold for immediate consumption away from home by hotels, restaurants, cafés, bars, kiosks, street vendors, automatic vending machines, and other vendors.
Alcoholic beverages, tobacco and narcotics	Household expenditure on alcoholic beverages purchased for consumption at home. It includes low or nonalcoholic beverages that are generally alcoholic such as nonalcoholic beer, and excludes alcoholic beverages sold for immediate consumption away from the home by hotels, restaurants, cafés, bars, kiosks, street vendors, automatic vending machines, and other vendors; and household expenditure on tobacco (which covers all purchases of tobacco, including purchases of tobacco in cafés, bars, restaurants, and service stations).
Alcoholic beverages	Household expenditure on alcoholic beverages purchased for consumption at home. It includes low or nonalcoholic beverages which are generally alcoholic such as nonalcoholic beer, and excludes alcoholic beverages sold for immediate consumption away from the home by hotels, restaurants, cafés, bars, kiosks, street vendors, automatic vending machines, and other vendors.
Tobacco and narcotics	Household expenditure on tobacco, including purchases of tobacco in cafés, bars, restaurants, service stations; and narcotics.
Clothing and footwear	Household expenditure on clothing materials; other articles of clothing and clothing accessories; garments for men, women, children, and infants; cleaning, repair, and hire of clothing; all footwear for men, women, children, and infants; and repair and hire of footwear.
Housing, water, electricity, gas and other fuels	Household expenditure on actual and imputed rentals for housing; maintenance and repair of the dwelling; water supply and miscellaneous services related to the dwelling; and electricity, gas, and other fuels <i>plus</i> expenditure by NPISH on housing <i>plus</i> ICEG on housing services provided to individuals.
Furnishings, household equipment and routine household maintenance	Household expenditure on furniture and furnishings; carpets and other floor coverings; repair of furniture, furnishings and floor coverings; household textiles; household appliances; glassware, tableware, and household utensils; tools and equipment for house and garden; and goods and services for routine household maintenance.
Health	Household expenditure on pharmaceuticals; medical products, appliances, and equipment; outpatient services; and hospital services <i>plus</i> expenditure of NPISH on health <i>plus</i> ICEG on health benefits and reimbursements, and the production of health services.
Transportation	Household expenditure on purchase of vehicles, operation of personal transport equipment, and transport services.
Purchase of vehicles	Household expenditure on purchase of new and second-hand motor cars; motor cycles of all types, scooters and powered bicycles; bicycles and tricycles of all types; and animal-drawn vehicles, which include animals required to draw the vehicles and related equipment such as yokes, collars, harnesses, bridles, and reins.
Transport services	Household expenditure on purchases of transport services classified by mode of transport; cost of meals, snacks, drinks, refreshments or accommodation services must be included if covered by the fare and not separately priced. It includes school transport services but excludes ambulance services and package holidays.

Expenditure Categories	
Communication	Household expenditure on postal services, telephone and telefax equipment, and telephone and telefax services.
Recreation and culture	Household expenditure on audiovisual, photographic, and information processing equipment; other major durables for recreation and culture; other recreational items and equipment; gardens and pets; recreational and cultural services; newspapers, books, and stationery; and package holidays <i>plus</i> expenditure by NPISH on recreation and culture <i>plus</i> ICEG on recreation and culture.
Education	Household expenditure on pre-primary, primary, secondary, post-secondary, and tertiary education <i>plus</i> expenditure of NPISH on education <i>plus</i> ICEG on education benefits and reimbursements and the production of education services.
Restaurants and hotels	Household expenditure on food products and beverages sold for immediate consumption away from the home by hotels, restaurants, cafés, bars, kiosks, street vendors, automatic vending machines, and other vendors (including cooked dishes prepared by restaurants for consumption off their premises and cooked dishes prepared by catering contractors, whether collected by the customer or delivered to the customer's home) and household expenditure on accommodation services provided by hotels and similar establishments.
Miscellaneous goods and services	Household expenditure on personal care, personal effects, social protection, insurance, and financial and other services <i>plus</i> expenditure by NPISH on social protection and other services <i>plus</i> ICEG on social protection.
Net purchases abroad	Purchases by residential households in the rest of the world (as tourists, people traveling on business, and government officials, crews, border and seasonal workers, diplomatic and military personal stationed abroad) <i>less</i> purchases by nonresidential households in the economic territory of the country (as tourists, people traveling on business, and government officials, crews, border and seasonal workers, diplomatic and military personal stationed abroad). Zero expenditure values for net purchases abroad may imply that this expenditure category is allocated under other GDP expenditure components based on the best judgments of the implementing agencies of the participating economies.
Individual consumption expenditure by government	The total value of actual and imputed final consumption expenditures incurred by government on individual goods and services. These include expenditures incurred by the government considered to be individual services such as housing, health, recreation and culture, education, and social protection.
Collective consumption expenditure by government	The final consumption expenditure of government on collective services or the service provided by the government simultaneously to all members of the community.
Gross capital formation	GFCF, changes in inventories, and acquisitions less disposals of valuables.
Gross fixed capital formation	The total value of acquisitions less disposals of fixed assets by resident institutional units during the accounting period <i>plus</i> the additions to the value of nonproduced assets realized by the productive activity of resident institutional units.
Machinery and equipment	Capital expenditure on fabricated metal products, electrical and optical equipment, general-purpose machinery, special- purpose machinery, and transport equipment.
Construction	Capital expenditure on the construction of new structures and renovation of existing structures. Structures include residential buildings, nonresidential buildings, and civil engineering works.
Other products	Capital expenditure on furniture and other manufactured goods; computer software that a producer expects to use in production for more than one year; plantation, orchard, and vineyard development; change in stocks including breeding stock, draught animals, dairy cattle, and animals raised for wool clippings; land improvement, including dams and dikes that are part of flood control and irrigation projects; mineral exploration; acquisition of entertainment, literary, or artistic originals; and other intangible fixed assets such as research and development, weapons and ammunition; and ownership transfer costs on nonproduced assets, including ownership transfer costs relating to land.
Changes in inventories	The value of physical change in inventories of raw materials, supplies and finished goods held by producers; inventories of goods acquired for resale by wholesalers and retailers; inventories of all goods stored by government; work-in-progress in manufacturing, construction and service industries; work-in-progress on cultivated assets (e.g., the natural growth prior to harvest of agricultural crops, vineyards, orchards, plantations and timber tracts and the natural growth in livestock raised for slaughter).
Acquisitions less disposals of valuables	Acquisitions of valuables (produced assets, such as nonmonetary gold, precious stones, antiques, paintings, sculptures and other art objects, that are not used primarily for production or consumption but purchased and held as stores of value) <i>less</i> disposals of valuables.
Balance of exports and imports	The FOB value of exports of goods and services less the FOB value of imports of goods and services.
Individual consumption expenditure by households	The total value of actual and imputed final consumption expenditures incurred by households for goods and services consumed by the households. In the context of ICP in Asia and the Pacific, also includes the individual consumption expenditure by NPISH.
Individual consumption expenditure by households without housing	ICEH and NPISH, without actual and imputed rentals for housing and excluding expenditure by NPISH on housing.
Government final consumption expenditure	The total value of actual and imputed final consumption expenditures incurred by government on individual goods and services and final consumption expenditure of government on collective services.
Domestic absorption	AICH at purchasers' prices <i>plus</i> CCEG at purchasers' prices <i>plus</i> GFCF at purchasers' prices <i>plus</i> changes in inventories, and acquisitions less disposals of valuables.
Total consumption	AICH at purchasers' prices <i>plus</i> CCEG at purchasers' prices.

AICH = actual individual consumption by households; CCEG = collective consumption expenditure by government; FOB = free on board; GCF = gross capital formation; GDP = gross domestic product; GFCF = gross fixed capital formation; ICEG = Individual consumption expenditure by government; ICEH = individual consumption expenditure by households; NPISH = nonprofit institutions serving households. Source: Asian Development Bank (Economic Research and Development Impact Department).

2021 International Comparison Program for Asia and the Pacific Gross Domestic Product, 2021

(billio

Expenditure Category	BAN BH	HU BRU	RU CAM	M FIJ	HKG	QNI	ONI	LAO	MAL	MLD	MON	NEP	PAK	HH	PRC	SIN SR	RI TAP	THA	
Gross Domestic Product	37,510	205	19 110	110,506	9 2,868	58 227,243		184,982	1,549	81	43,555	4,543	61,230	19,411	114,924			~	9 8,479,66
Actual Individual Consumption by Households ^a	26,071	125	6 78	78,008	8 2,00	07 147,541	10,111,243	90,826	1,007	45	25,594	3,921	54,230	15,642	51,095	191 11,664	564 11,302	~	5 5,066,95
Food and nonalcoholic beverages	13,390	43	1 35	35,853	3 1.	79 42,880		40,564		∞	9,167	2,298		5,632	8,256	14 3,6		~	0 1,203,61
Food	13,335	40	1 34	34,465	2 168	68 42,277	2,670,091	36,170	229	7	8,401	2,268	17,454	5,192	7,977	13 3,3			1 1,157,938
Bread and cereals	5,945	11	0 10	10,540	1		_	10,992	38	Ч	994	828	3,234	1,841	1,110	2	957 2	~	1 324,980
Meat	856	4		6,644	0	58 1,629	400,970	9,335	31	0	3,881	284	2,773	961	2,691	2		45 25	5 325,456
Fish and seafood	1,706		0	4,307	0	31 2,888	400,049	5,582	36		m	58	108	844	666	2		71 23	6 157,248
Milk, cheese and eggs	713	~		3,240	0	8 8,658	~	2.300	25		2,439	277	5.763	499	692			82 17	4 54
Oils and fats	495	4		1,262	0	2 2,644			13	0	124	184	1,475	109	296	7			1 27,264
Fruit	394	2		1,453	0	6 5,496		1.232	27	1	163	111	991	223	820				
Vegetables	1,415	6		3,888	1	L3 5,408	176,057	3,722	26	1	322	361	1.548	418	1,132	2		212 587	
Sugar, iam, honey, chocolate and confectionery	189			981	0	5 1,313			12	0	401	93	1,211	139	270	1		-	~
Food products n.e.c.	1,622	7	0 2	2,150	0	6 4,651	202,773	2,013	22	-	73	71	352	157	300	-1		50 2	5 87,685
Nonalcoholic beverages	55	4	0	1,388	0	11 603			13	1	766	31	882	440	279	H		76 27	~
Alcoholic beverages, tobacco and narcotics	525	4	0	2,733	1	12 3,204	_		17	-1	1,432	180	482	302	1,188	ŝ		52 278	
Alcoholic beverages	n.a.	2	n.a. 1.	1,474	1	6 784			7	n.a.	571	120	n.a.	95	352				~
Tobacco and narcotics	525	2			0	6 2,420	786,122	1,310	6	1	860	59	482	207	836	2		196 10	9 27,378
Clothing and footwear	1,570	9	0	1,815	0		_				884	118	3,726	259	2,312			73 29	2 134,19
Housing, water, electricity, gas and other fuels ^a	4,286	13	1 10	10,657	1 33	38 18,529	1,061,805	11,761	. 150	12	2,830	505	11,742	1,874	8,524	30 1,0		00 894	4 611,94
Furnishings, household equipment and routine household maintenance	850	4	0	1,344	0 10	104 4,015		5,296	43	2	621	72	1,796	414	1,870			_	_
Healtha	830	6	0 7	7,444	0 20		502,931		61	S	1,580	197	3,414	840	5,009				
Transportation	1,096	6	1	5,186	1 8		-1	5,788	6	2	2,038	107	3,386	1,153	4,325	17 2,2	2,269 998	98 1,070	_
Purchase of vehicles	188	m		1,901	0	L9 2,748	409,108	2,794	21		1,012	67	232	236	1,651	7			
Transport services	752	m	Н	1,420	0	32 11,440		285	m	1	235	23	1,400	553	465	5 1,4			2 91,785
Communication	126	S	0	175	9			1,415	88	m	976	56	959	437	1,413			271 19	6 379
Recreation and culture ^a	418	4	0	1,700	0 17		352,349	1,878	29	н	407	84	2,146	187	1,469			670 451	_
Education ^a	1,335	13	1 5	5,308	1 141	Η		4,573	76	Ŋ	2,701	179	2,958	1,289	6,230			_	
Restaurants and hotels	607	4	м 0	3,188	0 132		909,182	4,894	20	2	157	52	1,349	869	2,833	13	350 909	_	0
Miscellaneous goods and services ^a	1,036	10	1	1,651	1 49	~	\$ 476,944	11,001	100	m	1,699	92	3,936	2,386	7,666		m	88 1,32	
Net purchases abroad	1	I	0	955	1			-9,587	15	I	1,102	-19	T	I	I	- -		•	
Individual Consumption Expenditure by Government	214	18	1	5,219	1 144			3,878	110	~	2,508	141	2,368	1,034	7,142	22	893 1,596		~
Collective Consumption Expenditure by Government	1,956	29	3 2	2,753	1 22	20 16,108		20,980		∞	3,987	237	4,180	1,990	11,088		01	•	
Gross Capital Formation	12,203	91	7 31	31,285	2 45			84,136		20	14,846	1,936	9,294	4,104	49,750		6,466 5,938	-	
Gross fixed capital formation	11,838	90	6 25,	25,281	2 48		5,227,854	84,137	298	23	11,688	1,345	8,247	4,325	48,378	130 4,6	•	~ 1	2
Machinery and equipment	2,048	46	3 11	11,687	1 10			23,742	93	11	4,728	470	3,159	1,071	11,106	36 1,1	~		
Construction	9,337	43	2 13	13,330	1 31		ς Υ	37,259	156	10	5,567	740	3,304	2,682	30,822	51 3,0	~	69 1,196	6 1,894,54
Other products	453	1	1		0		453,436		49	2	1,393	135	1,785	572	6,450	~	~		
Changes in inventories	364	Ч	2 4	4,743	0	-2 -686		-	43	m I	3,113	590	980	-222	1,371	10 1,7	1,749 2	40 83	9 341
Acquisitions less disposals of valuables	1	0	-	1,261	1	- 4,419	1	T	Ч	1		1	67	1	1	1	87	9	1
Balance of Exports and Imports	-2,721	-39	2 -1	-1,540 -	-2 16	160 -5,479	446,209	-10,960	112	∞	-871 -	-1,550	-6,475	-2,325	2,991	212 -1,301	301 3,075	75 -	6 9,762
Individual Consumption Expenditure by Households ^b	25,857	107	5 72	72,790	7 1,863	53 138,767		86,947	898	38	23,086	3,780		14,609	43,953	169 10,771	7,1 9,7	06 8,537	7 4,655,057
Individual Consumption Expenditure by Households without Housing ^b	23,692	98		65,886	7 1,581			78,117	821	30	20,878	3,379		13,491	38,642		9,993 8,077	~	9 4,393,478
Government Final Consumption Expenditure	2,170	46	4 7	7,971	2 36	364 24,882	1,569,830	24,859	197	15	6,495	378		3,024	18,230	62 1,6	1,665 2,945		0 815,016
Domestic Absorption		244	16 112 046		ſ	C	5	Ŀ	-	22	44 477	6 004			111 922	•	Ĺ	Ċ	α
		-								2	11111	10.074			10/1111				

Exchange rate (Local Currency Units/Hong Kong dollar) Total Population (in million)

0 = magnitude is less than half of the unit employed; - = magnitude equals zero.

BAN = Bangladesh; BHU = Bhutan; BRU = Brunei Darussalam; CAM = Cambodia; FU = Fiji; HKG = Hong Kong, China; INO = India; INO = India; INO = India; INO = Lao People's Democratic Republic; MAL = Malaysia; MCD = Mongolia; n.a. = not applicable; n.e. c. = not elsewhere classified; NEP = Nepal; PAK = Pakistan; PHI = Philippines; PRC = People's Republic of China; SIN = Singapore; SRI = Sri Lanka; TAP = Taipei, China; THA = Thailand; VIE = Viet Nam.

2,979.15 98.51

4.11 69.69

3.60 23.47

25.58 22.16 0.17 5.45

20.92 6.34 0.83 224.78 110.20 1,412.36

366.52 15.20 3.28 29.06

1.98 0.57

1,840.51 1,247.48 0.53 272.68 7.34 32.58

1.00 9.51 7.41 1,367.17

0.27 0.89

527.23 16.59

0.17 0.44

9.51 0.76

10.95 170.26

^a Includes individual consumption expenditure by households, nonprofit institutions serving households, and government.

^b Includes expenditure by nonprofit institutions serving households.

1. Expenditure aggregates in local currency units presented are the best possible estimates provided by the participating economies, using most recent available data sources, and some of these aggregates may be different from the published expenditure estimates by the economies. Notes:

2. Mid-year population estimates and exchange rates were supplied by the participating economies for the International Comparison Program.

Source: Asian Development Bank estimates.

2021 International Comparison Program for Asia and the Pacific Gross Domestic Product, 2017 Revised

(billion local currency units)

Exnenditure Category	RAN RHII		RRU CAM		нке	ONI	ON		MAI	M C I	MON	A NFP	P PAI	H	PRC	NIS	ä	TAP	ТНА	VIF	
Gross Domestic Product	24,818		17 89,831	1	2,660 1	166,281 1	13,589,826	140,698	1,372	74 28	28,011 85,	85,969 3,2	53 37,371	71 16,557	57 83,204	4 474	14,387	17,983	15,489	6,293,90	905
Actual Individual Consumption by Households ^a	16,872	90	4 69,926	∞	1,886 1	106,744	8,261,823	83,378	848	39 17	17,266 50,	50,359 2,6	2,630 32,364			1 186	9,066	10,645	8,772	3,772,574	574
Food and nonalcoholic beverages	8,650	34	0 33,240	2	192	31,911	2,405,595	36,227	172	6						5 11	2,436			920,08	385
Food	8,614	31	0 31,803	2	180	31,473	2,140,705	30,302	165	5	4,499 26,	26,063 1,5	1,504 10,096			7 10	0 2,274		1,792	883,745	745
Bread and cereals	3,842	6	0 9,986	0	19	8,637	580,410	8,754	23	Ч	692 5,	5,776 5	535 2,272	72 1,397	97 976	2	206	250	383	263,60	501
Meat	554	m	0 6,114	0	59	945	314,053	7,863	26	0	1,783 4,	4,493 2	211 1,180		644 1,789	9	74	1 212	221	247,94	944
Fish and seafood	1,102		0 3,749	0	33	2,095	303,398	4,379	30	-	4,4,	4,011	39	84 5	597 533	.1	240	148	214	118,27	272
Milk, cheese and eggs	461	9	0 3,008	0	7	6,453	241,720	1,765	15	 	1,321 1,	1,413 1	79 3,157	•	339 524	4	200	5	. 151	42,669	569
Oils and fats	320	m		0	2	1,315	93,428	112	∞	0	70 2,	2,052 1	21 8	838	77 263	0	170	~		21,363	363
Fruit	254	2		0	15	4,507	212,819	1,196	22	1	_				~	4	. 119	•		51,580	580
Vegetables	913	7	m		11	3,833	159,576	3,998	19		214 3,	3,743 2	230 1,007		281 981	-	. 144	184	484	77,253	251
Sugar, jam, honey, chocolate and confectionery	122	-1		0	ъ	1,084	83,082	686	9	0	304	120	60 6	680	92 21	4	76	5	55	14,845	345
Food products n.e.c.	1,046			0	29	2,604	152,218	1,548	16	0	_	1,790	_	347 1	20 323	.1	- 546	4	l 24	46,220	220
Nonalcoholic beverages	36	m	0 1,437	0	12	438	264,890	5,925	∞		555			513 3	335 198	~	. 162	6	255	36,340	340
Alcoholic beverages, tobacco and narcotics	338	m	0 2,463		15	2,207	581,287	7,032	15	1	1,178 1,	1,089 1	101 3	319 2	75 88(ω 0	3 149	206	285	80,967	967
Alcoholic beverages	n.a.		n.a. 1,444		6	571	11,388	5,960	9	n.a.				n.a.	86 330	0	. 67	5	3 179	61,74	744
Tobacco and narcotics	338	-		0	9	1,636	569,899	1,071	6		462	778		319 1	89 557	7 2	82	148	106	19,22	23
Clothing and footwear	1.015	7		0	90	6,440	273,621	1,752	25	Ч	1	1.947	77 2,592	92 247	i.	2	664			96,303	303
Housing, water, electricity, gas and other fuels ^a	2,766	6	1 9,618	1	294	13,958	827,663	9,206	119	9 2			321 6,604			2 27	798	Ч		481,35	350
Furnishings, household equipment and routine household maintenance	546	4	0 1,254	0	94	2,921	333,415	4,320	40	2						3 7	199			184,97	979
Healtha	542	9	0 4,906	0	157	5,648	313,022	2,562	46	4		2,855 1	112 2,181			5 18	422	Ч	813	266,227	227
Transportation	705	7	0 4,998	1	126	15,782	1,099,050	4,892	104	3 1		1,911	79 1.7			2 24	2,275		1,048	392,629	529
Purchase of vehicles	121	m		0	18	2,214	306,878	2,362	25	-		415	47 1	_		3 10	55			219,59(590
Transport services	485	2		0	79	8,039	372,495	241	14	Ч	767	942	18 5	585 7.	737 442	2 10	1.388	318	231	96,14	L44
Communication	81	m		0	44	2,315	309,093	1.471	60	2		834			332 1.262	2	95		174	260.18	L80
Recreation and culture ^a	278	4	0 1,766	0	194	951	345,987	1,377	54	2		625	87 1,351		275 1,411	1 19	711	. 714	424	231,52(526
Education ^a	895	7	1 3,901	1	121	8,250	632,673	4,109	70	3 1		2,465 1	134 1,752		996 3,674	4 16	367	785	849	332,214	214
Restaurants and hotels	389	2	0 3,216	0	167	1,967	755,577	8,904	81	ω		2,451	46 8		25 1,791	1 17	335				539
Miscellaneous goods and services ^a	666	IJ	1 1,947	-1	390	14,976	384,839	6,623	95	2	1,248 1,	1,695	76 2,494	94 1,692	92 5,451	1 31	. 964	1,652	1,119	269,716	716
Net purchases abroad	1	I	0 980	I	I	-583	I	-5,097	-33	I		I	6-			P	-349			-86,14	L42
Individual Consumption Expenditure by Government	177	9		-	102	6,065	478,172	3,480	88	4		2,182	99 1,651	51 664	_			1,320		303,17	170
Collective Consumption Expenditure by Government	1,310	21	3 1,452	-	160	11,850	761,297	17,462	80	6 2		481 1	71 2,414	14 1,21	_			3 1,167	1,261	334,713	713
Gross Capital Formation	8,088	91	7 21,528	2	587	52,000	4,430,928	46,996	351	32 7										2,026,44	141
Gross fixed capital formation	7,795	92	6 19,671	2	576	46,133	4,370,575	46,996	344	31 6		28,242 1,024			46 34,958	8 120	4,546	3,796	3,554	1,915,63	534
Machinery and equipment	1,831	32	-	1	161	16,240	690,539	13,262	66	13 2			358 2,268		94 9,814	4 37	1,134	1,460		482,740	740
Construction	5,634	58	2 8,034	1	360	24,360	3,283,436	20,811	199	16 2		13,718 5	63 2,3	51 2,42:	2	8 48	3,170	1,433	1,095	1,361,25	250
Other products	330	-1	1 176	0	54	5,532	396,600	12,923	46	2	828 2,	2,527 1	02 9	80 4	430 3,717	7 36	5 243	606	389	71,645	545
Changes in inventories	292	9	1 1,382	0	11	3,510	60,353	0	9	1	1,415 1,	1,116 4	32 5	- 86	15 962	2 10	066 (-27	110,80	306
Acquisitions less disposals of valuables	-1	0	- 475	T	I	2,357	I	I	-1	T											I
Balance of Exports and Imports	-1,452	-34	2 -3,076	4	27	-4,313	135,778	-7,138	94	Ϋ́	672 -7,	-7,230 -1,005	05 -3,655	55 -1,501	01 1,463	3 127	-963	2,400	1,929	160,177	[7]
Individual Consumption Expenditure by Households ^b	16,695	80	3 66,776	7		100,679	7,783,651	79,898	760		15,760 48,177	_	2,532 30,713	13 11,951	51 32,187	7 168	8,505	9,326	7,526	3,469,40	t04
Individual Consumption Expenditure by Households without Housing ^b	15,297	74		7	1,537	91,093	7,172,016	72,832	700	•••				•••		-				m	948
Government Final Consumption Expenditure	1,486	31	4 4,602	7			1,239,470		167	.∞ 1											383
Domestic Absorption	26,270	202		1		•••	13,454,048		1,278	77 27											727
Total Consumption	18,182	111	8 71,378	6	2,046 1	118,594	9,023,120	100,840	927	45 19	19,662 63,	63,840 2,8	2,801 34,779	79 13,826	26 45,820	0 217	, 9,635	11,812	10,032	4,107,287	287
Reference Data																					
Exchange rate (Local Currency Units/Hong Kong dollar)	10.32			0.27	1.00	8.36	1,716.81			1.97 31	313.03 174	174.54 13	13.41 13.51	51 6.47	47 0.87		3 19.56	3.91	. 4.35	2,8	.38
Total Population (in million)	162.70	0.73	0.43 15.75	0.88	7.39 1	310.22	261.36	6.90	32.02 (0.49	3.10 53		28.01 207.68	58 104.17		2 5.61				94.29	.29
0 = magnitude is less than half of the unit employed; – = magnitude equals zero.	s zero.																				
BAN = Bangladesh; BHU = Bhutan; BRU = Brunei Darussalam; CAM = Cambodia; FI J = Fiji; HKG = Hong Kong, China; IND = India; INO = Indiae; IAO = Lao People's Democratic Republic; MAL = Malaysia; MLD = Maldives; MON = Monanar; n.a.	umbodia; FIJ	= Fiji; HK	G = Hong Kor	g, China;	IND = Ind	ia; INO = lı	ndonesia; LAC) = Lao Peop	le's Dem	ocratic F	Republic;	$MAL = M_{i}$	alaysia; N	LD = Ma	Idives; MON	l = Mongo	olia; MYA	v = Myan	mar; n.a.	= not	
applicable, in e.c. and reterewhere Classified; NPF = Nepal; PAF = Pakitsan; PH = Philippines; PRC = Papoles Republic of China; SIN = Snigapore; SRI = Sni Lanka; TAP = Taipei, China; THA = Thailand; VIE = Viet Nam	i; PHI = Phili	ppines; PI	SC = People's	Sepublic o	of China; S	IN = Singaı	pore; SRI = Sri	i Lanka; TAP	= Taipei,	China; ⁷	THA = Th	ailand; VI	E = Viet I	lam.							
 Includes individual consumption expenditure by households, nonpront institutions serving nouseholds, and government. 		erving nou	senolas, and	overnme	11.																

Notes:

Expenditure aggregates in local currency units presented are the best possible estimates provided by the participating economies, using most recent available data sources, and some of these aggregates may be different from the published expenditure estimates by the economies.
 Mid-yaar population estimates and exchange rates were supplied by the participating economies for the International Comparison Program.
 Mid-yaar population estimates and exchange rates were supplied by the participating economies for the International Comparison Program.
 For Myanmar, total goss domestic product in local currency units were obtained from Central Statistical Organization. Quarterly Bulletin. https://www.csostat.gov.mm/PublicationAndRelease/QuarterlyBulletin (accessed 20 February 2024); population data (as of 1 October) was obtained from the International Monetary Fund.
 International Financial Statistical Organization. 2022 Myanmar 2024); data on exchange rate was obtained from the International Monetary Fund.

Source: Asian Development Bank estimates.