

KSTA 9898: 2021 International Comparison Program for Asia and the Pacific Regional Results

About the International Comparison Program

The International Comparison Program (ICP) is the largest worldwide data collection initiative, implemented under the guidance of the United Nations Statistical Commission (UNSC) with the objective of producing comparable price and volume measures of national accounts aggregates across the economies of the world. Along with purchasing power parities (PPPs), the ICP produces price level indexes (PLIs) and other comparable aggregates of gross domestic product (GDP) expenditure and its components.

More specifically, the PPPs are used to compute real measures of GDP, its main aggregates, and selected expenditure aggregates at level below the main aggregates. The main aggregates include individual consumption expenditure by households (ICEH) and nonprofit institutions serving households (NPISH), individual consumption expenditure by government (ICEG), collective consumption expenditure by government (CCEG), government final consumption expenditure (GFCE), gross capital formation (GCF), gross fixed capital formation (GFCF), changes in inventories, acquisitions less disposals of valuables, and balance of exports and imports. These measures allow more meaningful inter-economy comparisons, as they correct for distortions due to differences in the price levels between economies.

The International Comparison Program in Asia and the Pacific

The Asian Development Bank (ADB), through its Economic Research and Development Impact Department, has been the regional implementing agency (RIA) of the ICP for Asia and the Pacific since the 2005 ICP round. ADB in its capacity as the RIA was responsible for coordinating with the 21 economies that participated in the 2021 ICP. These 21 economies are: Bangladesh; Bhutan; Brunei Darussalam; Cambodia; Fiji; Hong Kong, China; India; Indonesia; the Lao People's Democratic Republic; Malaysia; Maldives; Mongolia; Nepal; Pakistan; the People's Republic of China; the Philippines; Singapore; Sri Lanka; Taipei, China; Thailand; and Viet Nam. Myanmar was among the 22 participating economies in the 2017 ICP.

Concepts and Measures	
Purchasing Power Parity	The amount of currency units required to purchase a common basket of goods and services in an economy that can be purchased with one unit of the reference currency in the reference economy.
Price Level Index	The ratio of PPP to exchange rate with respect to a common reference currency. PLI expresses the general price level in an economy as percentage of reference economy's price level and shows how the price levels of economies compare with each other. The PLI of the reference economy is 100. A PLI greater than 100 means that when the national average prices are converted at exchange rates, the resulting prices tend to be higher on average than prices in the reference economy.
Real Expenditure	Expenditure in the currency units of an economy converted to a common currency by dividing the expenditure by its corresponding PPP, and hence, valued at a uniform price level across economies.
Nominal Expenditure	Expenditure in the currency units of an economy converted to a common currency using the exchange rate of a reference economy without adjusting for the differences in prices of goods and services across economies.
Per Capita Expenditure	Total expenditure divided by the total population of a given economy. Per capita expenditure measures the standard of living in an economy. This can be expressed either in real or nominal terms.
Per Capita Relative Expenditure	Per capita expenditure that has been converted to the relative units of the reference economy by (i) dividing the per capita expenditure of a given economy by the per capita expenditure of the reference economy and (ii) multiplying by 100.
Transitivity	An important property of PPP whereby the direct PPP between any two economies yields the same result as an indirect comparison via any other economy.
Base Economy Invariance	The property under which the relativities between the PPPs, PLIs, and volume indexes of economies are not affected by the choice of reference economy or currency.
Economy Share to Asia and the Pacific	An economy's real or nominal expenditures for an aggregate, expressed as a percentage of the total real or nominal expenditure of all participating economies in Asia and the Pacific.
Shares of Nominal Expenditure	An aggregate's nominal expenditure as a percentage of the total nominal expenditure within the economy.
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Data and Sources

This file has two tables: one for the 2021 ICP results and second for 2017 ICP (revised) results. The tables contain indicator for the 2021 and revised 2017 results of 21 and 22 participating economies of Asia and the Pacific, respectively. These include PPPs, PLIs, and GDP and its components such as ICEH and NPISH, ICEG, CCEG, GFCE, GFCF, changes in inventories, acquisitions less disposals of valuables, balance of exports and imports, and lower levels of national accounts aggregates. In addition to these, other real expenditure measures such as actual individual consumption by households (AICH), which is the aggregate of ICEH, NPISH, and ICEG, is also presented. The five components of AICH which include ICEH, NPISH, and ICEG are (i) housing, water, electricity, gas and other fuels; (ii) health; (iii) recreation and culture; (iv) education; and (v) miscellaneous goods and services. In contrast, expenditures for the other AICH components of food and nonfood household consumption are incurred by households only. Results are also presented for another broad aggregate called "domestic absorption," which represents the domestic expenditures as aggregate of AICH, CCEG, GFCF, changes in inventories, and acquisitions less disposals of valuables; and "total consumption," which represents the consumption of households, NPISH, and the government.

The ICP results are compiled with Hong Kong, China as the reference economy and the Hong Kong dollar as the reference currency. The PPPs for the expenditures aggregates at all levels were derived using the Gini-Éltető-Köves-Szulc (GEKS) method. The real expenditure for each aggregate is derived by dividing the expenditures in local currency units by a PPP that is specific to that aggregate, so real expenditure for such an aggregate may not equal the total of its components' real expenditures within an economy. For expenditures in local currency units, participating economies allocated statistical discrepancy (if any) to one or more basic headings based on their best judgment and financial year-based estimates for some economies were converted to calendar year. Due to these adjustments, the expenditures in local currency units in the table for some expenditure aggregates may differ from the published expenditure estimates by the economies. Some PPPs presented are reference PPPs. Detailed list of reference PPPs will be available in the forthcoming reports of 2021 ICP for Asia and the Pacific. When an economy is not able to provide prices for any of the items for any category corresponding to the available GDP expenditures, the PPP for this category is estimated using gap-filling techniques based on country-product-dummy (CPD) by the RIA.

The 2017 revised results are based on (i) revisions in the 2017 estimates of GDP, population, and exchange rates; (ii) implementation of a new, hybrid approach of estimating actual and imputed rentals for housing; (iii) revisions in the economy base information for government compensation; (iv) updates in the underlying data to estimate productivity adjustment factors; and (v) changes in some reference PPPs, including the adoption of the two-stage referencing.

The results presented in these tables are produced by ADB as the ICP Asia and the Pacific regional implementing agency, based on data supplied by all the participating economies, in accordance with the methodology recommended by the ICP Technical Advisory Group and endorsed by the 2021 ICP Asia and the Pacific Regional Advisory Board. As such, these results are not produced by participating economies as part of the economies' official statistics.

Expenditure Categories	
Gross domestic product	AICH at purchasers' prices plus CCEG at purchasers' prices plus GCF at purchasers' prices plus the FOB value of exports of goods and services less the FOB value of imports of goods and services.
Actual individual consumption by households	The total value of the ICEH, NPISH, and ICEG at purchasers' prices.
Food and nonalcoholic beverages	Household expenditure on food products and nonalcoholic beverages purchased for consumption at home. It excludes expenditures on food products and nonalcoholic beverages sold for immediate consumption away from home by hotels, restaurants, cafés, bars, kiosks, street vendors, automatic vending machines, and other vendors; cooked dishes prepared by restaurants for consumption off their premises; cooked dishes prepared by catering contractors, whether collected by the customer or delivered to the customer's home; and products sold specifically as pet foods.
Food	Household expenditure on food products purchased for consumption at home. It excludes food products sold for immediate consumption away from the home by hotels, restaurants, cafés, bars, kiosks, street vendors, automatic vending machines, etc.; cooked dishes prepared by restaurants for consumption off their premises; cooked dishes prepared by catering contractors, whether collected by the customer or delivered to the customer's home; and products sold specifically as pet food.
Bread and cereals	Household expenditure on rice; other cereals, flour, and other cereal products; bread; other bakery products; and pasta products and couscous, purchased for consumption at home.
Meat	Household expenditure on fresh, chilled, frozen, preserved or processed animals and poultry meat purchased for consumption as food at home. It also includes animals and poultry purchased live for consumption as food.
Fish and seafood	Household expenditure on fresh, chilled, frozen, preserved or processed fish and seafood purchased for consumption as food at home. It also includes fish and seafood (such as crustaceans, molluscs and other shellfish, sea snails, land crabs, land snails and frogs) purchased live for consumption as food.
Milk, cheese and eggs	Household expenditure on fresh or preserved milk, other milk products such as soya milk, cheese and curd; and egg including egg-based products purchased for consumption as food at home.
Oils and fats	Household expenditure on butter, margarine and other vegetable fats such as peanut butter; and other edible oils and fats purchased for consumption as food at home.
Fruit	Household expenditure on fresh, chilled, frozen, preserved or processed fruit and fruit-based products purchased for consumption as food at home.
Vegetables	Household expenditure on fresh, chilled, frozen, preserved or processed vegetable and vegetable-based products purchased for consumption as food at home.
Sugar, jam, honey, chocolate and confectionery	Household expenditure on sugar and artificial sugar substitutes; jams, marmalades and honey; and chocolate, confectionery and ice cream purchased for consumption at home.
Food products n.e.c.	Household expenditure on sauces and condiments; salt, spices and culinary herbs; baby food; ready-made meals when the price only covers the cost of the product; and other food products not elsewhere classified purchased for consumption at home.
Nonalcoholic beverages	Household expenditure on nonalcoholic beverages purchased for consumption at home. It excludes nonalcoholic beverages sold for immediate consumption away from home by hotels, restaurants, cafés, bars, kiosks, street vendors, automatic vending machines, and other vendors.
Alcoholic beverages, tobacco and narcotics	Household expenditure on alcoholic beverages purchased for consumption at home. It includes low or nonalcoholic beverages that are generally alcoholic such as nonalcoholic beer, and excludes alcoholic beverages sold for immediate consumption away from the home by hotels, restaurants, cafés, bars, kiosks, street vendors, automatic vending machines, and other vendors; and household expenditure on tobacco (which covers all purchases of tobacco, including purchases of tobacco in cafés, bars, restaurants, and service stations).
Alcoholic beverages	Household expenditure on alcoholic beverages purchased for consumption at home. It includes low or nonalcoholic beverages which are generally alcoholic such as nonalcoholic beer, and excludes alcoholic beverages sold for immediate consumption away from the home by hotels, restaurants, cafés, bars, kiosks, street vendors, automatic vending machines, and other vendors.
Tobacco and narcotics	$Household\ expenditure\ on\ to bacco, including\ purchases\ of\ to bacco\ in\ caf\'{e}s, bars, restaurants, service\ stations; and\ narcotics.$
Clothing and footwear	Household expenditure on clothing materials; other articles of clothing and clothing accessories; garments for men, women, children, and infants; cleaning, repair, and hire of clothing; all footwear for men, women, children, and infants; and repair and hire of footwear.
Housing, water, electricity, gas and other fuels	Household expenditure on actual and imputed rentals for housing; maintenance and repair of the dwelling; water supply and miscellaneous services related to the dwelling; and electricity, gas, and other fuels <i>plus</i> expenditure by NPISH on housing <i>plus</i> ICEG on housing services provided to individuals.
Furnishings, household equipment and routine household maintenance	Household expenditure on furniture and furnishings; carpets and other floor coverings; repair of furniture, furnishings and floor coverings; household textiles; household appliances; glassware, tableware, and household utensils; tools and equipment for house and garden; and goods and services for routine household maintenance.
Health	Household expenditure on pharmaceuticals; medical products, appliances, and equipment; outpatient services; and hospital services $plus$ expenditure of NPISH on health $plus$ ICEG on health benefits and reimbursements, and the production of health services.
Transportation	Household expenditure on purchase of vehicles, operation of personal transport equipment, and transport services.
Purchase of vehicles	Household expenditure on purchase of new and second-hand motor cars; motor cycles of all types, scooters and powered bicycles; bicycles and tricycles of all types; and animal-drawn vehicles, which include animals required to draw the vehicles and related equipment such as yokes, collars, harnesses, bridles, and reins.
Transport services	Household expenditure on purchases of transport services classified by mode of transport; cost of meals, snacks, drinks, refreshments or accommodation services must be included if covered by the fare and not separately priced. It includes school transport services but excludes ambulance services and package holidays.

Expenditure Categories	
Communication	Household expenditure on postal services, telephone and telefax equipment, and telephone and telefax services.
Recreation and culture	Household expenditure on audiovisual, photographic, and information processing equipment; other major durables for recreation and culture; other recreational items and equipment; gardens and pets; recreational and cultural services; newspapers, books, and stationery; and package holidays plus expenditure by NPISH on recreation and culture plus ICEG on recreation and culture
Education	$Household expenditure on pre-primary, primary, secondary, post-secondary, and tertiary education {\it plus} expenditure of NPISH on education {\it plus} ICEG on education benefits and reimbursements and the production of education services.$
Restaurants and hotels	Household expenditure on food products and beverages sold for immediate consumption away from the home by hotels restaurants, cafés, bars, kiosks, street vendors, automatic vending machines, and other vendors (including cooked dishes prepared by restaurants for consumption off their premises and cooked dishes prepared by catering contractors, whether collected by the customer or delivered to the customer's home) and household expenditure on accommodation services provided by hotels and similar establishments.
Miscellaneous goods and services	Household expenditure on personal care, personal effects, social protection, insurance, and financial and other services plus expenditure by NPISH on social protection and other services plus ICEG on social protection.
Net purchases abroad	Purchases by residential households in the rest of the world (as tourists, people traveling on business, and government officials crews, border and seasonal workers, diplomatic and military personal stationed abroad) less purchases by nonresidentia households in the economic territory of the country (as tourists, people traveling on business, and government officials, crews border and seasonal workers, diplomatic and military personal stationed abroad). Zero expenditure values for net purchases abroad may imply that this expenditure category is allocated under other GDP expenditure components based on the best judgments of the implementing agencies of the participating economies.
Individual consumption expenditure by government	The total value of actual and imputed final consumption expenditures incurred by government on individual goods and services. These include expenditures incurred by the government considered to be individual services such as housing, health, recreation and culture, education, and social protection.
Collective consumption expenditure by government	The final consumption expenditure of government on collective services or the service provided by the government simultaneously to all members of the community.
Gross capital formation	GFCF, changes in inventories, and acquisitions less disposals of valuables.
Gross fixed capital formation	The total value of acquisitions less disposals of fixed assets by resident institutional units during the accounting period plus the additions to the value of nonproduced assets realized by the productive activity of resident institutional units.
Machinery and equipment	Capital expenditure on fabricated metal products, electrical and optical equipment, general-purpose machinery, special-purpose machinery, and transport equipment.
Construction	Capital expenditure on the construction of new structures and renovation of existing structures. Structures include residentia buildings, nonresidential buildings, and civil engineering works.
Other products	Capital expenditure on furniture and other manufactured goods; computer software that a producer expects to use in production for more than one year; plantation, orchard, and vineyard development; change in stocks including breeding stock draught animals, dairy cattle, and animals raised for wool clippings; land improvement, including dams and dikes that are part of flood control and irrigation projects; mineral exploration; acquisition of entertainment, literary, or artistic originals; and other intangible fixed assets such as research and development, weapons and ammunition; and ownership transfer costs or nonproduced assets, including ownership transfer costs relating to land.
Changes in inventories	The value of physical change in inventories of raw materials, supplies and finished goods held by producers; inventories of goods acquired for resale by wholesalers and retailers; inventories of all goods stored by government; work-in-progress in manufacturing, construction and service industries; work-in-progress on cultivated assets (e.g., the natural growth prior to harvest of agricultural crops, vineyards, orchards, plantations and timber tracts and the natural growth in livestock raised for slaughter)
Acquisitions less disposals of valuables	Acquisitions of valuables (produced assets, such as nonmonetary gold, precious stones, antiques, paintings, sculptures and other art objects, that are not used primarily for production or consumption but purchased and held as stores of value) less disposals of valuables.
Balance of exports and imports	The FOB value of exports of goods and services less the FOB value of imports of goods and services.
Individual consumption expenditure by households	The total value of actual and imputed final consumption expenditures incurred by households for goods and services consumed by the households. In the context of ICP in Asia and the Pacific, also includes the individual consumption expenditure by NPISH and the Pacific of the NPISH and the NPISH and the NPISH and the NPISH and the Pacific of the NPISH and the NPISH
Individual consumption expenditure by households without housing	ICEH and NPISH, without actual and imputed rentals for housing and excluding expenditure by NPISH on housing.
Government final consumption expenditure	The total value of actual and imputed final consumption expenditures incurred by government on individual goods and services and final consumption expenditure of government on collective services.
Domestic absorption	AICH at purchasers' prices <i>plus</i> CCEG at purchasers' prices <i>plus</i> GFCF at purchasers' prices <i>plus</i> changes in inventories, and acquisitions less disposals of valuables.
Total consumption	AICH at purchasers' prices plus CCEG at purchasers' prices.

AICH = actual individual consumption by households; CCEG = collective consumption expenditure by government; FOB = free on board; GCF = gross capital formation; GDP = gross domestic product; GFCF = gross fixed capital formation; ICEG = Individual consumption expenditure by government; ICEH = individual consumption expenditure by households; NPISH = nonprofit institutions serving households.

Source: Asian Development Bank (Economic Research and Development Impact Department).

2021 International Comparison Program for Asia and the Pacific

Per Capita Nominal Expenditure, 2021

(HK\$)

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Expenditure Category	BAN		BRU CAM	<u>⊾</u> ≶	Ť	<u>ڪ</u> و			-	-	-4	NEP.			-	-4	- R	AP		-4	Д
Gross Domestic Product	20,125 28	28,458 24	247,106 12,632	532 37	,458 386	,832 17				-		10,288	``		_		~	_			799
Actual Individual Consumption by Households ^a	13,988 17	17,316 7	74,608 8,	8,917 33	,792 270	~				-	•	8,879					~	~			685
Food and nonalcoholic beverages	7,184 6			4,098 10	,683 24	_			٠.	-		5,205	_				_				573
Food				3,940 10	217 22	_			٠.	-		5,135						_	L		350
Bread and cereals				1,205 2	162 2	_			_			1,875	_				_	_	L		095
Meat		493		760 1	331 7				_			643					-		Ļ		140
Fish and seafood	915	169		492	704 4	_		Ļ	_			132					_	_	L.		493
Milk, cheese and eggs		1,095		370 1	,461 1	_		_	٠.			627							_		651
Oils and fats		208		144	009	~		_	٠.			417					-		L.		240
Fruit	211	268		166	278 2	_		L.		_		252	١.		_						529
Vegetables	759 1	1,212	908	444 2	,880 1	~		١.				818	_					~			685
Sugar, jam, honey, chocolate and confectionery	101	155	490	112	266	_					_	211	~		_			_	_		178
Food products n.e.c.	870	102	637	246	235 2	_		_	_			161					_				338
Nonalcoholic beverages	30	490	1,295	159	466 1				_			69	~				_		972		224
Alcoholic beverages, to bacco and narcotics	282	493	120	312 5	,538 1			~~		_		407						_			671
Alcoholic beverages	n.a.	249	n.a.	168 5	,145				-			272	٠.		_		~~				172
Tobacco and narcotics	282	244	120	144	393	_						134					~	_			498
Clothing and footwear	842	845		207 1	,154 11	~						268						_	_		195
Housing, water, electricity, gas and other fuels ^a	2,300	1,841 1	10,853 1,	1,218 2	,197 45	~						1,144					_	~	_		106
Furnishings, household equipment and routine household maintenance	456	604	5,586	154 1	,642 14	٥.		•	_			164			_		_	~			951
Healtha	445 1	1,263	4,318	851 1	,904 27				٠.			445						~			305
Transportation	588 1	1,201	9,140	593 2	,285 11	~						243	_		_		_				518
Purchase of vehicles	101	483	4,256	217 1	,116 2	_						152	_		_			~ .			767
Transport services	404	357	861	162	843 4				-	-		51	~					~			604
Communication	89	728	2,063	20 1	,265 8	~						126	_				~				755
Recreation and culturea	224	267		194	262 23	_					_	189					٠.				773
Educationa		1,816		607 3	,649 18	_			_		_	404	_					_			763
Restaurants and hotels	326	488	2,774	364	135 17	_						117						_			352
Miscellaneous goods and services ^a	556	1,431 1		189 3	99 820,	~						208									669
Net purchases abroad	1	1	2,596	109	1				_			-42					٠.	_			24
Individual Consumption Expenditure by Government				597 3	,121 19	_			_	-	_	320	_					_	6		3,019
Collective Consumption Expenditure by Government				315 5	,722 29	_				-		536	_		_			_	4		297
Gross Capital Formation				3,576 8	,140 64	_		_				4,384					_		6	٠.	321
Gross fixed capital formation				2,890 7	,268 65	_				-		3,046	_		` '			~	4		269
Machinery and equipment				1,336 2	,575 14				-			1,065						<u>~</u>	4		840
Construction		6,016 3		1,524 4	,066 41							1,676						_,	7 1		191
Other products	243	3 8		و د د	627 8	8,594	463 903		2,528 2,847	7, 2,004	1,158	305	380	819	5,503	46,097	721 I	15,310 1	1,82/	252 2,	539
Changes in inventories	195	δ/ 2	20,717	247	- 7/9	_			_			1,55/						ς.	٥	TOP	670
Acquisitions less disposals of valuables	1 (,				1 2	' !	340	1 6	1 1	200	70 5	1	, L4	٦ ۲	1 (1 6	154 201	20	1 6	۱ (123
Balance of Exports and Imports	-1,460 -5,460		32,654	-176 -10	,196 21	,545				_		-3,511	-1,377	-3,331	2,552 2	24,613 -	2,295 30	5,348	-23	33 I,	195
Individual Consumption Expenditure by Households ^b				8,321 30	,671 251	,347 10	10,675 18,	18,817	9,499 51,697	33,912	19,187	8,559	11,029	20,923	37,499 1.	79,685 19	9,002 11	4,735 29	778 15,	15,862 23,66	999
Individual Consumption Expenditure by Households without Housing				7,532 29	,003 213	206	4 .	_			_	7,651	9,465	19,322	32,968 I	53,545 L	,629	5,4/6 2/	799 14,		033
Government Final Consumption Expenditure	1,164 C	5,452	55,51/ 911 214 4E2 12 909	911 900	,845 49	1,04I	4 c					350	1,393	4,53L	15,553	25,731	2,93/ 3,	4,813 10	594 Z,		/T0
Total Consumption	15,038,21		116 928 92	9 22 30	514 300	288 17	۷ 0					9 415	12 422	25,152	52,052 2	15 416 2	039 146	5,737 30	172 18	640 31	282
Total Consumption				222 37	,514 500	,200 1.2	,					2,4TO	77,77	+67,63	2,000,00	13,410 2.	1,737 I+	7,340 40	1/2 10,	040 040	707
Reference Data																Į.					
Exchange rate (Local Currency Units/Hong Kong dollar)	10.95	9.51	0.17 527.23		0.27	1.00	9.51 1,840.51		1,247.48 0.53	33 1.98	366.52	15.20	20.92	6.34	0.83	0.17	25.58	3.60	4.11 2,979.15	9.15	
Total Population (in million)	170.26	0.76	0.44 16.59				7.17 27.				3.28	29.06		L10.20 L,	412.36					3.51	

^{0 =} magnitude is less than half of the unit employed; – = magnitude equals zero.

1. Expenditure aggregates in local currency units presented are the best possible estimates provided by the participating economies, using most recent available data sources, and some of these aggregates may be different from the published expenditure estimates by the economies.

AP = Asia and the Pacific; BAN = Bangladesh; BHU = Bhutan; BRU = Brunei Darussalam; CAM = Cambodia; FIJ = Fij; HKG = Hong Kong, China; INO = India; INO = India; LAO = Lao People's Democratic Republic; MAL = Malaysia; MLD = Maldives; MON = Mongolia; n.a. = not applicable; n.e.c. = not elsewhere classified; NEP = Nepal; PAK = Pakistan; PHI = Philippines; PRC = People's Republic of China; SIN = Sri Lanka; TAP = Taipei, China; THA = Thailand; VIE = Viet Nam.

a Includes individual consumption expenditure by households, nonprofit institutions serving households, and government.

^b Includes expenditure by nonprofit institutions serving households.

^{2.} Mid-year population estimates and exchange rates were supplied by the participating economies for the International Comparison Program.

Source: Asian Development Bank estimates.

2021 International Comparison Program for Asia and the Pacific

Per Capita Nominal Expenditure, 2017 Revised

(HK\$)

Expenditure Category	BANB	BHU BF	BRU CAM	E V	HKG	N N	- ONI	_	MAL	V CD V		z Ķ	EP P	K H	PRO	SIN	SR	TAP	THA	VIE	AP
Gross Domestic Product	14,780 27	,786 221	14,780 27,786 221,717 10,974 47,	74 47,152	359,737	15,189	30,287		-	•	Ĺ		660 13,	316 24,5		7		_	51,636	23,256	9,901
Actual Individual Consumption by Households ^a	10.048 14.883		59.353 8.5	8.542 33.189	255,105	9,751	18,413	-		٠.			~				-	Ξ	5 29.243	13,940	0.609
Food and nonalcoholic beverages	5,151 5			4,061 10,067	25,954	2,915	5,361				-		~	_	١.		_		_		4,499
Food				3,885 9,535	24,349	2,875	4.771		-					_			~				4,321
Bread and cereals				20 1,990	2,525	789	1.294		-					_		_	~				926
Meat				747 1.523	7.954	86	700				_					_	~				784
Fish and seafood	656	157		458 606	4,436	191	9/9		_					_		-		١.			400
Milk. cheese and eggs		1.013		367 1.435	938	289	539						_			~	~				526
Oils and fats		470		142 643	298	120	208		-				~	_	_	~	~	_	٠.		185
Fruit	152	248	400	180 278	2,019	412	474		-				_	_		_	-				450
Vegetables		1,122		423 2,273	1,537	350	356		~		Η.		~	_	_	_	~				575
Sugar, jam, honey, chocolate and confectionery	72	144	270 1:	19 574	735	66	185					13	_	0.1		_	_		5 182		147
Food products n.e.c.	623	95	351 22	229 214	3,908	238	339				٠.		_	~	~~	_	10	٠,	-		280
Nonalcoholic beverages	21	453	714 17	176 532	1,605	40	230						~		_	_	~		-		177
Alcoholic beverages, tobacco and narcotics	202	414	72 30	301 4,615	2,062	202	1,295						_		~		~				518
Alcoholic beverages	n.a.	500	n.a. 17	176 4,153	1,263	25	22				~		_			~	~	٠,			157
Tobacco and narcotics	202	205	72 13	124 462	800	149	1,270				_		_	~		_	_		٠.		361
Clothing and footwear	604	1,153 1	1,145 1,	179 1,461	12,227	288	610		-				_	_		~	~	_	_		1,041
Housing, water, electricity, gas and other fuels ^a	1,647		10,057 1,175	75 2,172	39,764	1,275	1,845		-					~		~ 1	_		_		3,042
Furnishings, household equipment and routine household maintenance	325	2		153 1,884	12,771	267	743								_	~	~1	_			824
Healtha	323		Ļ	599 1,374	21,284	516	869		-				~	_		_	~		_		1.664
Transportation				611 2,894	17,002	1,442	2,449		-				_	~			-				2,045
Purchase of vehicles				239 1,046	2,425	202	684		~~					~		_		Η.			639
Transport services	289	330		170 1,503	10,733	734	830				٠.		_	~	_		_	_			909
Communication	48	488 1	1,472	20 1,285	6,019	211	689							_		_	_				642
Recreation and culturea	165	586 2		216 468	26,290	87	771		-				~	_	~	_	_				770
Educationa	533 1	1,123 9	9,934 47	477 3,849	16,427	754	1,410							_	_	~	10				1,810
Restaurants and hotels	232			393 403	22,551	180	1,684		-				~			_	~	~~	_		1,060
Miscellaneous goods and services ^a	397	891 11	11,053 23	238 2,718	52,754	1,368	828		-				01	_		_	10	_			2,737
Net purchases abroad	I	- 1		120 -	1	-53	1						~				_				-42
Individual Consumption Expenditure by Government	105 1	1,673 13		385 2,876	13,751	554	1,066				.,553	234	~	~		~	_	_	_		2,176
Collective Consumption Expenditure by Government	780 3		44,749 177	7 6,215	21,612	1,082	1,697				٠.	_		_	~	~					3,569
Gross Capital Formation	4,817 15,051		86,641 2,6	2,630 10,102	79,391	4,750	9,875					_				~	_			٠.	5,074
Gross fixed capital formation	4,642 15,078			3 9,062	77,906	4,214	9,741	6,438 1	19,466 3	31,435	6,456 3	3,031 2,	2,726 1,	1,998 6,302	28,903	3 121,156	56 10,838	8 41,262	2 11,849	7,078	14,512
Machinery and equipment	1,091 5	5,342 38	38,254 1,400	3,134	21,834	1,484	1,539				_	_	~	~	_	_					4,212
Construction	3,355 9	9,621 30	30,805	981 5,345	48,747	2,225	7,318				_	0		_					_		8,699
Other products	196	114 7	7,627	22 583	7,325	202	884		_		_	_	~	_		73 35,7	15 57	~			1,601
Changes in inventories	174	-41 9		169 1,040	1,484	321	135		-		_	_	_	~		15 9,7	36 2,36	0 -308			484
Acquisitions less disposals of valuables	0	14	1	- 80	1	215	1	1	-		7	ı	_		2	1	- 42	7 4:	ı	1	78
Balance of Exports and Imports	-865 -5,528		30,973 -37	-376 -2,353	3,630	-394	303	-978	5,334 -	2,897	- 669	.776 -2,	675 -1,	302 -2,2	28 1,2	127,9	33 -2,29	5 26,08	6,431	265	648
Individual Consumption Expenditure by Households ^b	9,943 13,210		45,398 8,15	8,157 30,313	241,354	9,197	17,347	10,945 4	3,022 3	5,460 1	,253 5	170 6	741 10,	943 17,7	40 26,6	168,9	74 20,27	5 101,37	25,089	12,819	8,432
Individual Consumption Expenditure by Households without Housing ^b	9,110 12,238			7,376 28,879	207,885	8,321	15,984	9,977 3	9,610 2	9,632 1	1,360 4	.834 6	071 9,	502 16.5	19 23,7	9 145,4	35 18,94	9 85,56	7 23,466	12,001	6,523
Government Final Consumption Expenditure	885 5			562 9,091	35,363	1,637	2,762	2,869	9,470 1	1,099	1,024 1	,681	718 1,	449 2,7	33 11,2	71 48,9	16 2,69	4 27,02	8,357	2,357	5,746
Domestic Absorption	15,644 33,314 190,743 11,349 49,	,314 190	,743 11,34	19 49,506	356,107	15,583	29,985	20,251 7	2,334 7	9,257 28	3,193 10	,001 11,	335 14,	618 26,8	35 67,5	31 348,8	12 36,59	4 169,39	5 45,205	22,664	9,252
Total Consumption	10,828 18,263		104,102 8,72	8,720 39,404	276,717	10,833	20,110	13,814 5	2,492 4	6,560 20	,277 6	,851 7,	459 12,	392 20,5	23 37,8	33 217,8	90 22,96	8 128,40	33,446	15,176	4,178
Reference Data																					
Exchange rate (Local Currency Units/Hong Kong dollar)	10.32	8.35	0.18 519.70	70 0.27	1.00				0.55		313.03 17			13.51 6.	47 0.3				4.35	2,870.38	
Total Population (in million)			0.43 15.75	75 0.88	7.39	1,310.22	261.36	06.9	32.02	0.49	3.10 5	53.39 28	28.01 207	207.68 104.17	17 1,396.22	22 5.61	51 21.44	4 23.56	68.89	94.29	

^{0 =} magnitude is less than half of the unit employed; – = magnitude equals zero.

AP = Asia and the Pacific; BAN = Bangladesh; BHU = Bhutan; BRU = Brunei Darussalam; CAM = Cambodia; FIJ = Fiji; HKG = Hong Kong, China; INO = India; INO = Indonesia; LAO = Lao People's Democratic Republic; MAL = Maldives; MON = Mongolia; MON = Mongolia; MON = Mongolia; Democratic Republic of China; SIN = Singapore; SR = Sri Lanka; TAP = Taipei, China; THA = Thailand; VIE = Viet Nam.

**Includes individual consumption expenditure by households, nonprofit institutions serving households, and government.

b Includes expenditure by nonprofit institutions serving households

^{1.} Expenditure aggregates in local currency units presented are the best possible estimates provided by the participating economies, using most recent available data sources, and some of these aggregates may be different from the published expenditure estimates by the participating economies for the International Comparison Program.

3. For Myanmar, total gross domestic product in local currency units were obtained from Central Statistical Organization. Quarterly Bulletin. https://www.csostat.gov.mm/PublicationAndRelease/Q022/s0119.htm (accessed 20 February 2024); population data (as of 1 October) was obtained from the International Monetary Fund. International Human PublicationAndRelease/2022/s0119.htm (accessed 20 February 2024); data on exchange rate was obtained from the International Monetary Fund. International Financial Statistics. http://data.imf.org/ (accessed 26 January 2024).

Source: Asian Development Bank estimates.